

HARRIS.

One-Price, Square-Dealing,

CLOTHIER,

ST. LOUIS BLOCK,

MAIN STREET.

It is not often you can hear of a dealer in the Ready Made article of Clothing issue a Challenge to the Custom Tailors to equal with their work the class of goods he is selling, but here is an occasion where you can see it.

Take a stroll about our city, examine the Suits you see your friends have worked a month to pay for; look at the specimens displayed at the tailor shops, and then come down to our store; and if we can't discount them in STYLE, in FIT, in APPEARANCE, in TEXTURE, and in PRICE, we will acknowledge the corn, cancel our advertising contracts and retire from business.

You foolish men! who have been paying \$50, \$60 and \$70 for a Suit of Clothes, come and see what we are offering for anywhere from \$22 to \$35, and we will guarantee you will regret your reckless Waste of Wealth, and hereafter buy your Clothing from us.

MILLER HATS.

But another point that will interest you is our cut on

FALL OVERCOATS,
the Finest at \$18. Take your pick for \$18! Those Silk Lined, Wide Wales, formerly \$30, now \$18. Those Beautiful Korseys sold for \$25, now \$18. Those Silk Faced Diagonals, worth \$28, now \$18. There ain't many of them, so to be sure of securing your choice come soon before they are all gone.

STYLISH NECKWEAR.

To our numerous Lady Patrons, we would say: Our Department of Clothing for Boys and Children is more worthy of their attention than ever. Complete in every detail, lines numerous and varied, we feel that we have outdone all former efforts in the display we make this year.

The nobby little Jersey Suits are the admiration of all that see them, while the Plush Trimmed Overcoats—size 4 to 10—have induced purchases from ladies which had never before failed to send east when anything was needed for the little fellows. Fully 1,000 pairs of old pairs for the "little shavers," and Flannel Waists from \$1 upwards.

MILLER HATS.

HARRIS

The One-Price Clothier

ST. LOUIS BLOCK,

MAIN STREET.

LAYING THE FOUNDATION.

The Prosecution in the Cronin Case
Building Up Its Case Against
the Accused.

The Finding of the Body, the Identification and the Post Mortem
Yesterday's Work.

Important Papers in the Cook County
Riddle Cases Stolen From the
State-Attorney's Office.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—The taking of evidence in the Cronin case was resumed this morning. The testimony related to the identification of the body, and was very perfect and very positive. The next matter taken up was the finding of the body in the catch basin by two sewer-cleaners, who notified the police of the fact, and the policemen who were sent out and assisted in removing the body were sworn to this point and described the proceedings. Lawyer Forest, for the defense, made the cross-examination on this head very searching and rigid. They were followed by Dr. Lewis, dentist, who made a set of false teeth for Cronin. He identified the plate taken from Cronin's mouth as the one he made, and said the cast for another set he was making exactly fitted the dead man's mouth.

At the afternoon session Dr. Egbert stated the facts revealed by the autopsy, describing the wounds at great length and giving it as his opinion that death had resulted from them. All the wounds were on the head, but the skull was not broken except that a small piece of bone was chipped off at the corner of the left eye. The stomach and some of the contents were exhibited, and Dr. Egbert said Cronin was killed within three hours after having eaten. The cross-examination of Dr. Egbert developed the fact that none of the wounds were such as would necessarily cause death. It was impossible, he admitted, to say whether the wounds were inflicted before or after death. If death had resulted from the skull wounds, it would in all probability have been caused by concussion of the brain.

The question was put to the doctor: "Is it not scientifically true that physicians know no evidence in that body that were certain and conclusive of the cause of death?" Dr. Egbert replied: "That is true." He was of the opinion that death had occurred through an excessive loss of blood, but there was no certainty of it, he said.

Dr. Perkins, who assisted in the post mortem, thought death resulted from concussion of the brain; that that organ, however, was too much decomposed to afford any information.

Valuable Papers Missing.
CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—It was announced this evening that important papers are missing from the state attorney's office, upon which the county was largely dependent to combat the old "boodle" claims, aggregating \$250,000. The documents are supposed to have been stolen. They are needed chiefly to fight the bills of contractors, Kelling, ex-Warden Varney, ex-Coroner Frey and the American Stone and Brick Preserving company. The last named claimant is now represented by Lawyer Furtimann, who was assistant state attorney when the papers were turned over to the present incumbent of the state attorney's office. Mr. Longenecker has no clue as to how the papers disappeared. It is said unless the missing documents are recovered it will result in the loss of many thousands of dollars to the county.

THE ENGINEERS' CONVENTION.

Prospects Good for a Lengthy Meeting—An
Excursion To-day.

DENVER, Oct. 25.—The locomotive engineers to-day began the consideration of various resolutions, presented to the convention. They are forty in number, the most important of which is one favoring federation and one offering an amendment to the constitution, cutting down the number of delegates to the national convention. The latter will be heartily supported by Chief Arthur, who declares that the large number of delegates now allowed makes the convention unwieldy. Only two resolutions were adopted to-day, one endorsing the report of the committee on insurance, and one fixing the time for the election of officers for Monday. "At this rate," said one of the delegates to-day, "the convention will last longer than the 'Q' strike."

The delegates will leave here to-morrow morning on a special Rio Grande train for a trip through Grand Canon and over Marshall Pass, returning here Sunday at midnight. A grand banquet will be given them to-morrow night at Pueblo.

It was learned to-night that A. R. Cavenier of Chicago, second grand assistant engineer of the Brotherhood, tendered his resignation to the convention to-day and it was accepted.

The Station Agents' Convention.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 25.—The national association of railway station agents to-day elected Albert L. Kline, of Allegheny, Pa., president, and Carle, of Macon, Ill., grand treasurer. The next meeting will be held at Cleveland.

The Minneapolis Mills Negotiations.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 25.—The Western Miller asserts the great Washburn flouring mills have been sold to a New York syndicate; that part of the stock will be sold in England and the transfer will be made next September. Washburn admits a deal is pending. It is reported from London the deal for the sale of the Pillsbury mill has fallen through.

Ashore at the Capes.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25.—Patterson, Ramsay & Co., agents for the steamer Baltimore, ashore at Cape Henry, say she is valued at \$250,000 and is insured. Her cargo consisted of dry goods, earthen ware, tin plates, copper ore and soda. The sea is running high and it is doubtful if tugs can get her near enough to receive the cargo which is being thrown overboard.

Liberals Still Gaining.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The parliamentary election at Brighton to-day resulted in the return of the unionists' candidate. The liberal vote, however, showed a large gain over the last election.

DAVITT AND HANNE.

The Irish Leader Makes Some Strong Statements Before the Commission.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Michael Davitt resumed his address before the Parnell commission to-day. He said the landlord system in Ireland should be abolished and the land vested in the state. Eight tenths of the money which came from America for the support of the Irish cause, he declared, came from Irish workmen and workingwomen. Davitt, continuing, said Houston, secretary of the Loyal and Patriotic League, and his accomplices, knew the letters alleged to have been written by Parnell, which were printed in the London Times, were forgeries before Pigott took the witness stand, and that it had come to his (Davitt's) knowledge that Pigott confessed the fact prior to his testifying for the Times. On being interrupted by Chief Justice Hannen, who said the commission would not accept the statement without evidence, Davitt, replied that the allegation would be again made and proven later on.

Davitt proceeded to point out that Parnell and not he formed the land league in America. Lecarion, he declared, had failed to prove the assertion that the Clan-na-Gael managed Parnell's tour in America. The money collected in America had not been intended to assist an armed rebellion in Ireland.

TRAIN WRECKERS AT WORK.

Three Employes Roasted to Death Near
Kokomo, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 25.—A freight train on the Lake Erie & Western railroad was wrecked at Kokomo early this morning by an obstruction placed on the switch by train wreckers. Twelve oil tanks exploded in quick succession, setting fire to and burning a number of cars. Engineer Mehl, fireman Burnett and head brakeman Spellman were thrown beneath the tanks and burned to a crisp. This is the third attempt at train wrecking in this vicinity within the last two months.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 25.—A collision occurred this morning at St. Ventura, Iowa, on the Milwaukee & St. Paul road, between a passenger and a freight. Both engines were partly wrecked and five freight cars demolished. No one was injured.

NORTH VERNON, Ind., Oct. 25.—The evening fast mail collided with a passenger train from Cincinnati at Holton, fourteen miles west. The engines of both trains were demolished. One passenger received scalp wounds, not dangerous. The others escaped with a shaking up.

LITTLE ONES THE VICTIMS.

School Children Experiment With a Bomb
With Fatal Results.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Oct. 25.—A number of school children found a bomb loaded with dynamite near a school house on the Gallows farm near here to-day. While attempting to open it with a knife it exploded with terrible results. Two of the children, named Fitzgerald and Roger, are fatally hurt, while eight others are in a serious condition. The bomb is supposed to have been made by some one for the purpose of killing fish.

Settlers Must Vacate.

PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 25.—From private advice the two or three hundred squatters on the Fort Pierre reservation across the river from here, have learned the government intends to drive them off before the opening of the reservation, and the lands on which they are located will be taken by the Northwestern railway for railroad purposes. Three German families, who came from Paris, Illinois, have been found by the Indian police in a starving condition. One death has occurred and others are anticipated.

Sherman Has a Plan.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 25.—In the course of a speech here to-night in the Ohio campaign, Senator Sherman said the next congress would undoubtedly institute some action tending toward a union of the North, Central and South Americans into a solid phalanx of republics, commercially and politically.

Missoula Overrun With Toughs.

MISSOULA, Oct. 25.—[Special].—Some mischievous person threw a Chinese bomb into a saloon here this evening, which exploded, breaking all the lights and doing considerable damage to glassware. The miscreants were arrested and lodged in jail. The city is full of hard characters, and the police are kept busy arresting petty thieves.

The Time For Action.

SYDNEY, Oct. 25.—Sir Henry Parks in a speech to-day said the time had come for the formation of a district parliamentary executive to deal with national questions. He proposed a convention of delegates from the various colonies be held for the purpose of contracting the federal government on the basis of a federal parliament.

Was a Dead Heat.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—At the Newmarket meeting the Houghton stakes, one mile and seventeen yards, were a dead heat between Blue Green and Vermilion, Lusignan third.

The Jockey club had only two starters, Sheen and Benburn. It was won by Sheen.

Collins' Line of Defense.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 25.—From the proceedings in the Collins case to-day it seems the defense expects to prove the confession was a pre-arranged scheme between Collins and Anderson to defraud the former's creditors and save Blaisdell's property from impending ruin.

Mr. Thurman Overtaxed Himself.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 25.—Allen G. Thurman did not complete his speech at Music hall last night, but was compelled, on account of a failure of strength, to stop suddenly. He was taken to a hotel as soon as he was able to leave the hall.

Fight Over Whiskey.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 25.—The news of another fight in the mountains reached here to-night, this time from Tennessee. The fight was between a band of Italian laborers and mountaineers over whiskey. One Italian was killed and three others seriously wounded.

LODER'S TERRIBLE STORY.

The Tale of Suffering and Cannibalism Told by Wrecked Seamen at Baltimore.

The Flesh of Two Shipmates Furnish Food for Days for Unfortunate Men.

The Howard Faction of the Kentucky Law-Breakers Out-Generals Their Opponents.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25.—Carl Graves, fireman, and Ludwig Loder, a seaman, survivors of the crew of the steamship Ern-moore, told last night the story, horrible in its details, of the way they sustained life by cannibalism for days. Loder says: "The only food we had the first fifteen days in the boat was a flying fish, and a few small raw seabirds divided among eleven men. On the sixteenth day William Davis, a seaman, caught me by the throat and made a dash at my head with a knife. He cut me on the right cheek, the scar from which still remains, as you see. He was told to kill me by August Plagge, the fireman. When Davis began to cut me some of my companions caught him, but the others shouted 'Kill him, kill him! We want something to eat; we are starving.'"

"It seems that Plagge, Davis and others in one end of the boat had decided that I should die. I suppose being pretty fat, I looked inviting. Plagge was placed on watch that night, but he was missing the next morning. No one saw him go overboard. On the seventeenth day William Robinson lay down to sleep; when they tried to call him they found him dead. It was determined to eat his flesh and William Wright, the cook, was ordered to carve the ribs. The first thing done was to smash in Robinson's skull and from the fracture each one sucked the blood as long as it would last, which was but a little while. Then the cook stripped the flesh from the ribs. The next day this flesh in strips was placed on top of the water tight compartments and dried in the sun. After taking out Robinson's liver, heart and other parts which would furnish blood to be sucked, they threw the mutilated body into the sea. Two days after Robinson's death Third Engineer Thomas Hunt died. His body was also cut up for food. In about three days the limbs and feet of all began to swell and several have since broken out in ugly sores. We think it poison from the human flesh and blood."

Both Graves and Loder say they have no recollection of the taste of human flesh, so great was their mental anguish at the time. Their only recollection of taking food is feeling their own blood quicken as it coursed through their veins.

The Howards in Possession.
LOUISVILLE, Oct. 25.—A dispatch from Pineville says the forces of Wilson Howard, the outlaw, worked a neat flank movement on the forces of County Judge Lewis yesterday. The latter party left the court house early to make an assault on Howard's camp. Howard's forces moved around to the flank, got into town and took possession of the court house and are holding the town. Judge Lewis' party is camped outside and it is expected will make an effort to recapture the town when a bloody battle is expected.

GLAD HE KILLED HIM.

Sensational Scene Attending the Hearing of Chambers for Murder.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 25.—In the preliminary examination of Chambers for killing Bowman to-day two witnesses testified that Bowman made a motion as if to draw a pistol before Chambers fired the fatal shot. The event of the day was the testimony of the murderer, Chambers. He said that Bowman and Garrett first came to his house. Bowman said to him (Chambers) that he must have \$1,200. "But I haven't \$1,200," responded Chambers. "Then I must levy on everything in sight," said Bowman. Chambers said he knew if Bowman once entered the house he would get it without regard for the rights or feelings of any one. He (Chambers) then brought out a gun with the intention of frightening Bowman off the premises. After ordering Garrett away he told Bowman he would give him three minutes to go off, but he did not move. "He never moved a muscle," said Chambers. "Then I saw him make a motion with his hand and it occurred to me, if I did not shoot, he would shoot me. I thought of the Nagle affair and the quickness with which a man could draw a pistol and shoot. My finger was on the trigger and I pulled it, and Bowman fell." The prosecutor cross-questioned Chambers so closely in regard to his financial dealings with Bowman that he lost his temper and the spectators were treated to quite a sensation.

"You were afraid Bowman would kill you," asked the prosecutor.

"Yes," replied Chambers.

"Why?"

"Because he would do anything; he was the deadliest scoundrel I ever saw."

As he said this Chambers leaned forward in his chair and his face became livid with anger. "Yes, sir," he shouted, hoarsely, "never such a d-d scoundrel as Bowman lived and I rejoice that I killed him."

Chambers was held without bail to await the action of the grand jury.

The Flour City's Guests.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 25.—The Pan-American excursionists arrived from St. Paul this morning and were welcomed by Mayor Babl. They then visited the high school and the Washburn mills.

An elaborate reception was given the delegates this evening. At 11 o'clock they started for Sioux City.

THE DEATH RECORD.

The funeral of Wm. Noonan, deceased, the young brakeman of this city who met his death by falling off a Northern Pacific freight last Tuesday, took place Thursday from the family residence on Lyndale avenue. A large concourse of sorrowing friends followed the remains to their last resting place, and consoled the grief-stricken relatives in their sad bereavement.

Joel Barlow Moorhead, the well known iron manufacturer and capitalist of Philadelphia, died yesterday, aged 77.

Emile Augier, the French dramatist, is dead.

Professor Leo Lesquerues, the eminent botanist and a paleontologist of Ohio, is dead, aged 83.

NOBLE IN HOT WATER.

The Secretary Trying to Make His Peace With the Californians.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—A special from Washington regarding the case of ex-Special Agent Conrad, and the publications in connection therewith, says Secretary Noble to-day told a reporter that the letter referred to in the published account was written by Acting Commissioner Stone, but that there were many charges against Conrad to prove his truthfulness and integrity were not perfect. He was dropped from the rolls April 10, 1889. When the appropriation for the examination of surveys was exhausted, Conrad came to Noble and claimed he was a desirable witness in the prosecution of the Benson case. He convinced the secretary of his usefulness in this respect and was reinstated as special agent for the investigation of fraudulent entries. This was done simply to keep him in the service so he might be retained as a witness, and the secretary sent him back to California, hoping the cases would soon be tried. Then there was an outcry against his appointment. Then came a telegram signed by nearly all the California delegation, demanding his dismissal. The secretary sent the telegram to Acting Commissioner Stone and the latter sent back the statement that has been published to the effect that Conrad was efficient. "Now, when Conrad came to me," said the secretary, "Congressman Vandever of California, an army comrade of mine, was present. He suggested that Conrad be put on false entry cases. I suppose he knew about Conrad and was going to get something out of it. I did not obey the telegram from the California delegation, but sent Conrad to work, expecting him to be called to testify at an early date, and while matters were in this condition received a letter from Vandever, stating Conrad had said out to the land grabbers and had circulated scandalous stories about other persons. A great many other letters, making similar charges against Conrad, were also received, and I dismissed him again. In August last Conrad called on me and asked that he be sent back to California as the land cases were to be called Sept. 13. I told him then that I had no confidence in him, and that I had no further use for him; that the United States attorney who had charge of the case had sufficient evidence to proceed. I also told him that his suspicion had become so large and universal that he had better hire a hall and exhibit it."

ASSOCIATIONS TO COMBINE.

Renowned Coalition of Ball Players Lucky
New York.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 25.—A local sporting paper asserts the league and association will probably be consolidated into one organization of ten or twelve clubs. The unprofitable cities are to be dropped. Each club will contribute large sums toward a guarantee fund to be used by the association in fighting the brotherhood league, should there be one in existence next year. The paper claims to have the information from a reliable source.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 25.—President Van der Ahe, of the St. Louis ball club, to-night confirmed the report that the league and American association would combine to fight the brotherhood. He thinks the scheme will go through. Indianapolis, Washington and Louisville will be dropped out and the Philadelphia league club will buy out the Athletics. A joint meeting of directors of both associations will be held soon to consider the scheme.

Lucky New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—In the sixth world's championship game the score was: New York, 2; Brooklyn, 1. The batteries were for New York, O'Day and Ewing; for Brooklyn, Terry and Visner.

Races at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Oct. 25.—Three-fourths of a mile—Pell Mell won, Emily Maude second, Walker third. Time, 1:21.

Three-fourths of a mile—Workmate won, Hooksey second, Flyer third. Time, 1:22.

One mile and a sixteenth—Grace Ely won, Lady Jones second, Willie M. third. Time, 1:58.

One mile—Zulu won, Clamor second, John Morris third. Time, 1:47.

The Navassa Riots.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25.—The United States steamer Galena arrived this evening from Navassa, bringing the leaders in the recent riots. They were turned over to the federal authorities here. The story told by the officers of the Galena regarding the riots is much the same as that already published. One of them said, however, that the bosses used great brutality against the negroes.

That Growing Surplus.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Now that the sinking fund requirements for the present fiscal year have been met by the purchase of bonds to date, the sole purpose of future bond purchases will be to prevent an undue increase in the surplus, which now amounts to \$46,345,000. The receipts so far this month aggregate nearly \$27,000,000, and the expenditures nearly \$17,000,000, making a net gain of \$10,000,000 for the month.

Arrest of an Accomplice.

BUTTE, Oct. 25.—[Special].—Larry Schmitzer was arrested to-day on the charge of being an accomplice in the blowing up of Oscar Stenberg with giant powder yesterday. He is said to be the paramour of Mrs. Stenberg and there seems to be no doubt but that he and the woman put up the job. Stenberg still lingers between life and death.

Sammons Again at War.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 25.—Advice received from Apia under date of the fifteenth inst. state a battle is reported on the Island of Savoy between the forces of Malietoa and Tammese. Three hundred were engaged on each side and several were killed and a number wounded. Which party won the victory is not known.

Union Pacific Statement.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.—A preliminary statement of the Union Pacific's whole system for September shows an increase over the same period last year of \$32,000 in net earnings. For nine months to September 30th the net earnings showed an increase of \$703,000.

The Shortage Growing.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.—A Herald, Providence special says: The shortage in the Brown university funds on account of the operations of the ex-register, the son of ex President Robinson, has been found to be over \$16,000 instead of \$4,000, as first supposed.

THE AFFIDAVIT HUNTERS.

Frightened Republican Conspirators
Go to Butte Again, But Their
Mission Will Fail.

Their Purpose Known, They Will
Not be Able to Perpetrate
Any More Frauds.

Two Affidavits Showing the Methods of
the Silver Bow Ballot Stealers—Pre-
liminaries for Perjury.

BUTTE, Oct. 25.—[Special].—The arrival of Bernard, the ex-convict, and his associates to-night, presumably on another hunt for affidavits, is taken as evidence that the returning board gang are frightened over recent disclosures here. The jail birds will be narrowly watched and will not be suffered to work any mischief. The evidence of the crimes of these men in their work at tunnel precinct is in the hands of the democrats and there are lively times ahead. Lewis Fish, a sturdy, honest man employed at tunnel precinct, has made the following statement regarding an attempt to bribe him to make an affidavit:

Territory of Montana, County of Silver
Bow, ss.

Lewis Fish, of lawful age, upon oath, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that he is a qualified elector in and for Silver Bow county, Montana territory, and voted at precinct No. 34 in said county on the 1st day of October, 1889; that on or about the 19th day of October, 1889, while he was on his way from the city of Butte to the tunnel at Homestake Pass, he was stopped on the road, at a point about eight miles from said city of Butte, by a young man, whose name was not divulged to him, but whose affiant describes as follows, to-wit: He was a young man about 25 years of age, smooth shaven, dark hair, no mustache and well dressed, who said that he was the son of the chief engineer of some mine in Butte; said hereinafter described person told affiant that if he would make an affidavit that at the time the vote, cast at said election of Oct. 1st, 1889, was counted, the door of the counting place was locked, together with an affidavit stating the ticket he voted and how he marked it, and also that if he would give information and swear to such information as would justify the canvassing board of Silver Bow county in throwing out the vote cast at Tunnel Precinct No. 34, he could get his own price; that he could get the sum of \$300 or any other sum; that money was no object to the republican committee; that he refused to make any affidavit containing any such statement. Affiant further states that neither at said election nor at any time prior thereto did any person or persons suggest to him how his vote should be cast, or endeavor directly or indirectly to influence his vote, but that he voted according to his own wish and as he pleased.

LEWIS FISH.

Territory of Montana, County of Silver
Bow, ss.

On this 21st day of October, 1889, before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Lewis Fish, personally known to me to be the person who subscribed the foregoing affidavit, and who having had the said affidavit fully read to him, the said affiant subscribed and swore to said affidavit, and said affidavit is subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of October, 1889.

WILL L. CLARK,

Notary Public Silver Bow County, Montana Territory.

James Whalen, a voter at the same precinct, from whom Bernard produced a pretended affidavit, makes the following statement:

Territory of Montana, County of Silver
Bow, ss.

James Whalen, a witness of lawful age, being duly sworn upon his oath does depose and say: My name is James Whalen. I am a laborer in the west end of the Homestake Tunnel, Butte and Gallatin Branch R. R., and have been working there during the last three months, I am a resident of Montana Territory, having lived there continuously for the last eighteen years. I was a duly qualified voter at the last election and voted on the first day of October, 1889, at the tunnel precinct No. 34, in Silver Bow county, Montana Territory. My name appears upon the list of registered voters as published by the registry agent of South Butte. So far as I know I am the only man of the name of Whalen who voted at said precinct on said day. I know that no other man by the name of Whalen has worked there at the tunnel, or in that vicinity during the past six weeks. I have made no affidavit in this matter prior to this one. I never made an affidavit that I voted the straight republican ticket at said election or any other affidavit concerning my vote at said election. I voted the straight democratic ticket at said election and at said precinct, and I voted it freely and voluntarily of my own accord and without suggestion or request of any person or persons. I was at work at the place above named for months before the said election, and I did not at any time either prior to said election or on the day of said election hear any person or persons suggesting or ordering me to vote or to vote in any particular way. From a position which I am in at said tunnel, if any influence had been used to make the men vote in any particular way I would have known of it.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of October, 1889.

PERLIN W. IYVINE,
Notary Public Silver Bow County, Mont.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Japanese cabinet has resigned.

John F. O'Brien, general manager of the National Railway of Mexico, has resigned.

The private bank of W. J. Howell, at Fostoria, O., closed its doors yesterday. The depositors are mostly merchants. The assets are \$24,000 and the liabilities will exceed that amount.

Much of the business portion of Port Leydon, N. Y., was destroyed by fire yesterday. The Douglass house, opera house, eight stores, the postoffice and several dwellings were burned. Fifteen families lost their homes and much of their possessions.

Had the Money Under His Pillow.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 25.—Geo. W. Thompson drew a large sum of money out of the bank yesterday and when he retired last night had \$1,400 under his pillow. During the night he was awakened by a burglar. He grappled with him and a furious struggle ensued, during which the revolver was discharged, the bullet narrowly missing Thompson. The thief finally broke away, grabbed the money and escaped.